

X-MUN 2026

CONFERENCE HANDBOOK



ABOUT THE SCHOOL

In November 1843, a fire broke out at the Sans Soucci Theatre - No. 10 Park Street, Kolkata. This accident forever altered the history of both Park Street as well as the City of Joy - Kolkata. St. Xavier's Collegiate School is an epitome of what one might call Fate's Phoenix. The very same fire which once devastated the the Sans Soucci Theatre set ablaze a towering Inferno in the hearts of every Xaverian who would since pass through these hallowed portals. This vivacious 'Fire of Education' has transformed St. Xavier's Collegiate School into a relic of Jesuit Education in India. On 16th January, 1860, Father Henri Depelchin along with a small group of Belgian Jesuits heralded the entrance of life into these historic grounds at 30, Mother Teresa Sarani which from time immemorial has given its utmost into transforming the youth of India into humans for others. After 165 years since its inception, St. Xavier's Collegiate School remains an enduring source of education, values, institutionalised rationale and inspiration for all. As an internationally recognized and esteemed institution, it continues to reach new heights of excellence. Here, at 30, Mother Teresa Sarani, we strive to reach for excellence in the fields of academia, extracurricular and sports, and above all, to ameliorate life for the generations to come.

ABOUT X-MUN

St. Xavier's Collegiate School passionately believes in building 'Men for Others' and aspires to instill the spirit of 'Nihil Ultra' through Education, in the youth of today. In all our pursuits, pedagogical, academic, or otherwise, the resonant effect of Jesuit education pervades in each one. X-MUN, the Interschool Model United Nations Conference hosted by St. Xavier's Collegiate School, Kolkata, is no different. Through stimulating discourse and exchange, awareness about Global politics, prompt and ready ideation, and fiery friendly debates, X-MUN inspires in its participants the spirit of 'Magis'; teaching one and all to strive for excellence. X-MUN is a true testament to holistic learning, training students to work under pressure, delve into diplomacy in daily life, meet deadlines and make their voices heard, compliant with the noble vision of 'Cura Personalis': The enrichment of the Human Person. In a time clouded by crisis, where each day a cascading Domino effect manifests into Events of immense consequence on the Global platform, in the midst of a Human, Political and Cultural erosion of our world, where perhaps the meaning of Humanity seems more unclear day by day, X-MUN lets the youth of today-the Leaders of tomorrow- roll the dice, perhaps, moulding them for what follows itself. No doubt an inseparable part of the Xaverian Calendar, X-MUN aims at enriching, enthusing and education Kolkata over its three days of Conference, Conflict and Creation.

GENERAL GUIDELINES

Dates:

The Conference will be held on the 8th, 9th and 10th of June, 2026.

Venue:

The venue for X-MUN 2026 is:

St. Xavier's Collegiate School – 30 Mother Teresa Sarani, Kolkata-700016.

Dress Code:

Day 1: Western Business Formal

Day 2: Indian Formal

Day 3: Western Business Formal

All delegates are expected to maintain a standard of attire befitting both the decorum of the conference and the educational nature of the institution hosting it. The School Administration and the Secretariat reserve the unequivocal right to deny participation or require the withdrawal of any delegate whose attire is deemed inappropriate or inconsistent with the standards of the conference. Delegates who are unable to procure or wear formal attire may, in lieu thereof, attend in their prescribed school uniform.

Stationery:

Upon completion of registration, each delegate shall be furnished with a conference stationery kit. This shall comprise a conference folder, a pen, a notepad, a chit pad, and an individual placard, all of which are intended to facilitate effective participation throughout the proceedings.

Identity Cards:

Delegates as well as faculty advisors will be provided with identity cards at the start of the first day of conference, after registration. They are expected to wear these throughout the conference. In case of loss or misplacement, the Secretariat must be informed immediately, so that a new identity card may be issued immediately.

Age:

Eligibility for participation in X-MUN 2026 is restricted to students enrolled in Classes VIII to XII during the Academic Session 2026–2027, or those between the ages of thirteen and eighteen years. Faculty Advisors are requested to ensure strict compliance with these eligibility criteria prior to registration.

The Secretariat reserves the right to request documentary proof of age or academic enrolment from any delegate should such verification be deemed necessary. Furthermore, students belonging to the outgoing Class XII batch shall remain eligible to participate in the conference.

GENERAL GUIDELINES

Restricted Items:

The following items cannot be carried or consumed in the campus at any point of time:

1. Any tobacco products
2. Alcohol
3. Drugs
4. Weapons

Or any other item which the Secretariat deems harmful or dangerous. All acts of theft or vandalism will be reported to the police immediately.

Logistics:

Logistics members shall be stationed within each committee to assist delegates and address any concerns or procedural requirements that may arise during the course of the conference. They shall also facilitate the transmission of communication chits while committee sessions are in progress, thereby enabling constructive negotiation and coordination without disrupting formal proceedings. Delegates are expected to interact with all members of the Logistics Team with courtesy, professionalism, and respect. Any conduct that is disrespectful, derogatory, or otherwise unbecoming towards logistics members shall be viewed seriously and will not be tolerated by the Secretariat.

Language:

English shall serve as the sole official working language of the Conference and shall be employed in all formal proceedings, deliberations, and official communications. Delegates are expected to conduct themselves with the utmost civility, professionalism, and respect towards fellow participants, members of the Executive Board, and the Secretariat. The use of derogatory, abusive, discriminatory, or otherwise inappropriate language shall be regarded as a serious breach of conference decorum. The Secretariat reserves the right to take such measures as it deems necessary, including the suspension or removal of a delegate from further participation in the Conference, should any such conduct be observed.

GENERAL GUIDELINES

Statement by the Secretariat:

At any time, any member of the Secretariat may make an oral or written statement or announcement to the committee regarding an update on their topic. Such an announcement is not questionable.

Electronic Devices and Usage of Internet:

Delegates shall refrain strictly from accessing the internet during formal committee proceedings unless expressly authorised by the Executive Board of their respective committees. Limited access to online resources may be permitted during unmoderated caucuses, subject entirely to the discretion of the Executive Board. Should a delegate require internet access during a committee session, permission may be sought from the Executive Board to temporarily withdraw from the committee and utilise such resources outside the chamber. Delegates are further advised to arrive at the Conference with their electronic devices fully charged, as access to charging facilities cannot be guaranteed and shall remain contingent upon availability.

Communication:

1. The official email ID for the Conference is: xmun26.sxcs@gmail.com
2. An official WhatsApp group will be formed by the Secretariat with all of the Head Delegates.
3. Official WhatsApp Groups, with the delegates, are to be created by the Executive Board for their respective committees.
4. Delegates will be penalised for any inappropriate behaviour in the official WhatsApp groups.
5. The Secretariat cannot be held liable for any misbehaviour in any unofficial WhatsApp groups.

Appeals:

While delegates are entitled to seek clarification or appeal decisions of the Executive Board, the consideration of such appeals shall remain subject to the discretion of the Chairperson, who reserves the authority to accept, reject, or otherwise dispose of any appeal brought before the dais.

Where a matter extends beyond an individual delegate and concerns the committee collectively, delegates may petition the Secretary-General(s) for review. The ruling of the Secretary-General(s) on any procedural, administrative, or substantive matter shall be deemed conclusive and shall not be subject to further contestation.

GENERAL GUIDELINES

Quorum:

The quorum for all committee proceedings shall be constituted by the presence of no fewer than one-third of the members of the committee. Quorum shall be presumed to exist at all times unless its absence is formally challenged and subsequently established.

Should the number of delegates present fall below the requisite threshold, thereby resulting in a failure of quorum, committee proceedings shall be suspended until such time as the quorum requirement is once again satisfied..

General Powers of the Executive Board:

The Chairperson shall be responsible for declaring the opening and closing of all committee meetings and may introduce such procedural motions as may be necessary for the orderly conduct of business. As the presiding authority of the committee, the Chairperson shall oversee proceedings and safeguard the integrity, efficiency, and decorum of debate.

To this end, the Chairperson shall regulate the course of formal deliberations, grant delegates the right to speak, adjudicate upon points and procedural matters, pronounce rulings and decisions, and ensure faithful adherence to the Rules of Procedure. The authority of the Chairperson in matters concerning the conduct of debate shall be paramount, subject only to the provisions expressly set forth in these rules.

The remaining members of the Executive Board shall assist in the administration of committee proceedings, may advise delegates on procedural or substantive matters, and shall be empowered to perform any duties or exercise any authority delegated to them by the Chairperson.

CONFERENCE DETAILS

Guide to Preparation

Preparing for a Model United Nations conference entails research on three levels:

- the procedure and structure of the conference,
- the topic of the committee the delegate belongs to,
- the position of the country/portfolio being represented.

Procedural Research

This Handbook has been devised to acquaint delegates with the procedural framework that shall govern the proceedings of X-MUN 2026. Although many of its provisions will be familiar to participants conversant with the conventions of the Kolkata MUN Circuit, delegates are strongly advised to examine the contents of this document in their entirety.

While rooted in established practice, X-MUN reserves the prerogative to introduce measured procedural innovations designed to foster a more vibrant, immersive, and intellectually rigorous committee environment. An attentive reading of the rules herein shall therefore prove indispensable to effective participation throughout the Conference.

Topic Oriented Research

Every delegate participating in X-MUN shall be allotted a committee and a corresponding portfolio, whether that of a nation-state, governmental entity, organisation, or historical figure, as necessitated by the committee's framework. It is the responsibility of each delegate to faithfully represent the interests, policies, and perspectives of their assigned portfolio throughout the course of deliberation.

The Secretariat shall provide study guides to assist delegates in acquainting themselves with the agenda and its broader context. These guides are intended as a foundation rather than a culmination of research. Delegates are encouraged to engage with a diverse range of authoritative sources, including academic scholarship, governmental publications, policy analyses, historical records, and credible journalistic reporting. Although Wikipedia often serves as an accessible point of departure for preliminary research, it does not constitute a recognised academic source. Delegates are therefore advised against citing or relying upon it during committee proceedings, where the credibility and evidentiary value of sources remain of paramount importance.

CONFERENCE DETAILS

Position Oriented Research

The agendas deliberated upon in committee are often characterised by profound political, legal, and ideological divisions, and consequently lend themselves to vigorous debate. Notwithstanding the personal convictions of individual participants, delegates are not afforded the latitude to advocate their own views. Rather, they are entrusted with the representation of a specific nation, organisation, or individual, and are expected to ensure that all statements, negotiations, and actions undertaken within committee remain consistent with the policies, interests, and established positions of their assigned portfolio.

The ability to accurately embody and defend a policy position, particularly one that may diverge from one's personal beliefs, constitutes one of the most demanding and intellectually rewarding aspects of Model United Nations. Delegates are therefore encouraged to maintain fidelity to their assigned mandates at all times. While the evolution of debate may occasionally necessitate limited departures into related areas of discussion, delegates should refrain from proposing caucuses or introducing lines of debate that bear little relevance to the agenda under consideration. Such discipline is essential to preserving both the coherence and productivity of committee proceedings.

Study Guides

The Executive Board of each committee will prepare a document called a study guide. The study guide outlines the scope of the topic. Delegates are expected to know their study guides well. Although the study guide is detailed, additional research is a must.

Delegate Conduct

Delegates shall be courteous and respectful to all staff and other delegates. Furthermore, delegates are expected to play their roles accordingly, including using appropriate diplomatic language, abstaining from inappropriate behaviour, and respecting the privacy and property of others. The Chair will immediately call to order delegates who do not abide by this rule. Delegates who feel that they are not being treated respectfully are encouraged to discuss their concerns with a member of the Secretariat, for the facilitation of which, feedback sessions will be conducted.

Delegates are expected to be present at the beginning of every scheduled committee session, at which point roll call will be taken. Delegates who will not be present for part or all of a committee session should inform their Executive Board verbally or by email.

CONFERENCE DETAILS

Throughout the course of committee proceedings, delegates are expected to uphold the standards of decorum, professionalism, and diplomatic courtesy that form the cornerstone of Model United Nations debate. In their interactions with both fellow delegates and members of the Executive Board, participants shall adhere to the following principles:

- No delegate shall address the committee without first being formally recognised by the Executive Board.
- Delegates shall employ respectful and parliamentary language at all times when addressing the committee, the dais, or fellow participants, and shall refrain from the use of expressions that may be construed as discourteous, inflammatory, or unbecoming of diplomatic discourse.

Participation of Non-Members

A guest speaker, expert witness, or representative of any entity that is neither a member of the committee nor an accredited observer may be permitted to address the committee only upon obtaining the prior approval of the Chairperson. Such permission shall be granted solely at the discretion of the Chairperson and in a manner consistent with the objectives and orderly conduct of committee proceedings.

COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS

Roll Call

Every committee session starts with the roll call, without which quorum cannot be established. During the roll call, the country/portfolio names are called out in alphabetical order and the delegate can answer by saying either Present or Present and Voting.

1. Present: This means that the delegate is present in committee. By saying only present, the delegate has the choice to abstain from voting in substantive motions; he/she must however, vote on procedural motions.

1. Present and Voting: This means that the delegate is present in committee. However, the distinction between this and Present is that a delegate who says Present and Voting will not be able to abstain from voting on substantive motions.

Opening Debate

To begin the committee and pass the agenda, the debate needs to be formally opened for the agenda to then be passed. Only then can committee discussions proceed. The format for raising a motion to open debate is, as follows:

"The delegate of _____ would like to raise the motion to open debate."

Setting the Agenda

After debate has been opened, a delegate must raise a motion to set the agenda for discussion. The format for raising a motion to set the agenda is, as follows:

"The delegate of _____ would like to set the agenda to _____".

Debate

Broadly speaking, there are two types of debate in an MUN; formal and informal.

General Speakers List (GSL)

After the agenda for the session has been established, a motion is raised to open the GSL. The format for raising a motion to open the GSL is:

"The delegate of _____ would like to raise the motion to enter into the GeneralSpeakers' List, per speaker time being _____".

The GSL is continuous and need not be opened after it has been opened initially. Per speaker time can be 60/90/120 seconds. All forms of debate during the conference are started out within the GSL, and this list is open throughout the duration of the discussion on that agenda, essentially becoming non-exhaustive.

COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS

Delegates wishing to address the committee through the General Speakers' List (GSL) must signify their intention by raising their placards when called upon by the Executive Board. The names of such delegates shall be entered onto the Speakers' List in the order in which they are recognised by the dais, and speeches shall proceed accordingly.

Following the delivery of a speech on the General Speakers' List, a delegate may choose to yield any unexpired portion of their speaking time. Such a yield may be directed to a specific delegate, to the committee in the form of Points of Information, or to the Executive Board. The procedures governing these various forms of yield are elaborated upon in the sections that follow.

Special Speakers' List

The Special Speakers' List falls outside the purview of formal debate, however, is not characterised as a caucus. The Special Speakers' List may be initiated in committee whenever there is a crisis introduced, mainly through updates. Special speakers are thus issued to solve the immediate crisis at hand. The speaking time of the Special Speakers' List is always less than that of the GSL and like the GSL, there is no total speaker time in the SSL. The committee reverts back into the GSL once the SSL is over. The format for raising a motion to open the SSL is:

"The delegate of _____ would like to raise the motion to suspend formal debate and move into a Special Speakers' List, per speaker time being _____".

Moderated Caucus

Delegates may raise a motion for a moderated caucus in which the EB of the committee will choose which delegate will speak. The delegate proposing the motion must state its purpose and specify a time limit for the moderated caucus as well as the speaking time per delegate. The motion needs a simple majority vote in order for it to pass. The format for raising a motion for a moderated caucus is:

"The delegate of _____ would like to raise the motion to suspend formal debate and move into a moderated caucus, total time being _____, per speaker time being [time in seconds], discussing [topic]."

Delegates should take this opportunity to propose plans. Only one delegate may speak at a time. The delegate that proposed the caucus must and should speak, and has the option to be either the first or last speaker. The Executive Board may rule such a motion out of order if it is not worded properly or in case it is out of the scope of the agenda.

COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS

A moderated caucus is presided over by the Executive Board, and Delegates wishing to speak must raise their placards when asked, so that they may be recognised immediately after the previous speaker. A Delegate can be recognised multiple times in a moderated caucus, but not immediately after they have just spoken.

Unmoderated Caucus

An unmoderated caucus would mean that Delegates can informally interact with their

fellow delegates without moderation by the Executive Board.

"The delegate of _____ would like to raise the motion to suspend formal debate and move into an unmoderated caucus, total time being [time in minutes]. "

Only the total time needs to be specified when raising this motion. When it is put to vote, it requires a simple majority to pass.

Open Floor

An Open Floor is another variation of informal debate since it is used to facilitate the spontaneous flow of debate. There is neither a per-speaker time nor a specific agenda for an Open Floor. The format for raising a motion to enter into an Open Floor is:

"The delegate of _____ would like to raise the motion to suspend formal debate and move into an Open Floor, total time being [time in minutes]. "

Round Robin

A Round Robin involves the delegates giving speeches on the topic, usually a newly introduced crisis, in alphabetical order. The format for raising a motion to enter into a round robin is:

"The delegate of _____ would like to raise the motion to suspend formal debate and move into a Round Robin, per speaker time being [time in seconds]."

All delegates a part of the committee are included in it, however, a delegate possesses the right to refrain from speaking. A delegate cannot reserve their right to speak. The per speaker time cannot be longer than that of the GSL and there is no total speaker time. Round Robins do not have a specific topic.

COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS

Points:

- **Point of Information (POI):** A POI is simply a question asked at the end of a delegate's speech. They are usually asked while the committee is in a GSL session or an SSL session, however it is subject to the discretion of the chair whether they will entertain points during different forms of debate. A POI may be asked verbally if the delegate asking the question is recognized by the chair, or it may be sent via chat if allowed by the chair. Delegates are advised to keep their POIs short and to the point.
- **Point of Order (POO):** A POO is generally used to point out a factual inaccuracy or logical fallacy in a delegate's speech. It may also be used against the Executive Board, should they make a procedural error.
- **Point of Parliamentary Inquiry (POPI):** A POPI may be raised by a delegate who would like to ask something related to procedure being followed in committee.
- **Point of Personal Privilege (POPP):** A POPP may be raised when a delegate is experiencing a personal discomfort or would like to make a personal request to the Executive Board. This point is held in the highest regard and will always be addressed by the Executive Board, however delegates are advised to not abuse this.
- **Right to Reply:** A delegate may request a right to reply if his personal or national integrity has been insulted by another delegate. It is up to the discretion of the Executive Board whether to grant this right or not. If granted, the delegate must state the statement which caused him offence, what offence was caused to national/personal integrity and end it with a demand for apology. It is usually a thirty second speech.

Yields:

- 1) **Yield to Points of Information:** If the delegate yields his/her remaining time to POIs, then the Executive Board will open the floor for questions on the delegate's speech.
- 2) **Yield to the Chairperson/Executive Board:** If the delegate yields the remainder of his/her time to the chairperson/Executive Board, then the chairperson/Executive Board is at liberty to use the remainder of the time as he/she deems fit.
- 3) **Yield to another delegate:** If the delegate yields the remainder of his/her time to another delegate, the delegate to whom the time has been yielded may speak for the remainder of the time.

COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS

Note: Committee specific paperwork will be elaborated upon in the committee's study guide itself. This is also subject to change at the discretion of the Executive Board. The deadlines of the required pre-committee paperworks will be conveyed through the study guide of the respective committees.

Position Paper :

Every committee will have position papers which are documents meant to highlight a delegate's understanding of his/her allotments policy regarding a particular agenda.

It consists of three fundamental parts:

- Statement of the Problem
- Policy Pertaining to the Agenda
- Solutions

Sample Position Papers for country based allotments may be accessed [here](#) and for Cabinet allotments may be accessed [here](#).

Communiqué :

Communiqués are messages from usually an allotment to another country, organisation, person or group of people. Communiqués can be bilateral (between two countries) or multilateral. They are meant to facilitate dialogue with relevant actors in a crisis so that delegates can take action to resolve the various crises presented to them in committee. A communiqué needs to be well worded, sufficiently detailed and most importantly realistic enough. Delegates are to keep in mind that the Executive Board has absolute discretion with regards to ratifying and reading out any Communiqué submitted by a delegate as an update to the committee. Communiqués can either be either public or private.

A sample Private Communiqué may be accessed [here](#) and a sample Public Communiqué may be accessed [here](#).

Directive :

A Directive is a document that mandates an official series of measures. Unlike a Resolution in a typical MUN committee, a Directive is more straightforward, less formal, and intended for use multiple times throughout the conference, not just at the end of discussions. A thoroughly detailed and well-considered Directive will maximise the impact of your actions, whether positive or negative. Directives must be written in a clear and concise format. These directives are essential for addressing the immediate crises the committee will encounter during the conference.

A sample directive can be accessed [here](#).

COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS

Press Release:

A press release is a document used to inform the committee about a certain incident or an action that has been undertaken. A press release can be single or joint. By its very nature, a press release is always public. A sample press release can be accessed [here](#).

Presidential Statement”

A presidential statement works much like a press release, however, unlike press releases, it can only be written by the official head of state of a country. If ratified, a presidential statement becomes a part of the official policy of the country. A sample presidential statement can be accessed [here](#).

Working Paper

Delegates may propose working papers for committee consideration. Working Papers are intended to aid the committee in its discussion and formulation of resolutions and need not be written in resolution format. Working Papers require the approval of the EB to be copied and distributed. They are concise and an abridged form of the resolution. Working papers represent the first step in the process of resolution writing. The wonderful thing about working papers is that unlike other formal documents in an MUN, they are absolutely informal. They do require signatories but have no absolute format, and can be about anything under your topic area.

A sample Working Paper can be accessed [here](#).

Resolution Writing

Before it is formally introduced to the committee, a resolution is referred to as a Draft Resolution. The Executive Board of your committee would like drafts to deal with ideas and opinions presented in working papers and existing resolutions, as well as new ideas and innovations. Remember, a final resolution has to present a well thought out, feasible solution that will solve the crisis at hand. Your draft resolution should present the same logical flow that will be present in the final resolution. A draft resolution needs three things before it can be introduced to the floor.

Firstly, it needs the signatures (but not necessarily approval) of at least 2/3rds of the total members to that committee.

A word about signing: *Being a signatory in no way signifies approval for that resolution; you are not bound to vote for or against a resolution just by being a signatory. Being a signatory merely implies that you feel that this resolution should be introduced to formal debate.*

COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS

Secondly, a resolution needs to present a logical, simple and above all feasible solution to the situation at hand. Working papers may contain the most imaginative and creative ideas, but in a resolution these ideas have to stand up against the real world. If your Executive Board feels that the solution presented in the resolution is unworkable, he/she may refuse to introduce it to the committee. We prefer to work on the principle of one final resolution, and so the draft resolution should be extensive enough to cover the entire topic area.

Thirdly, a resolution needs authors, who will actually be sponsors (although are not officially recognised as such), and who are willing to amend and emend the resolution until it suits everybody else, without compromising the meaning or original premises of the resolution.

After the Resolution has been introduced, it may be read out by the sponsors of the resolution. A sample Draft Resolution can be found [here](#).

PREAMBULATORY CLAUSES							
No.	Clause	No.	Clause	No.	Clause	No.	Clause
1	Affirming	16	Desiring	31	Having Devoted attention	46	Recognizing
2	Alarmed by	17	Emphasising	32	Having examined	47	Referring
3	Approving	18	Expecting	33	Having heard	48	Seeking
4	Aware Of	19	Expressing its appreciation	34	Having received	49	Taking into account
5	Bearing in mind	20	Expressing its satisfaction	35	Having studied	50	Taking into consideration
6	Believing	21	Fulfilling	36	Keeping in mind	51	Taking note
7	Confident	22	Fully alarmed	37	Noting with regret	52	Viewing with appreciation
8	Contemplating	23	Fully Aware	38	Noting with deep concern	53	Welcoming
9	Convinced	24	Fully believing	39	Noting with satisfaction		
10	Declaring	25	Further deploring	40	Noting further		
11	Deeply concerned	26	Further recalling	41	Noting with approval		
12	Deeply conscious	27	Guided by	42	Observing		
13	Deeply convinced	28	Having adopted	43	Reaffirming		
14	Deeply disturbed	29	Having considered	44	Realizing		
15	Deeply regretting	30	Having considered further	45	Recalling		

Note: *All preambulatory clauses must end with a comma (,). If even one preambulatory clause is scrapped, the entire resolution is scrapped.*

COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS

OPERATIVE CLAUSES							
NO.	OPERATIVE CLAUSE	NO.	OPERATIVE CLAUSE	NO.	OPERATIVE CLAUSE	NO.	OPERATIVE CLAUSE
1.	Accepts	11.	Declares accordingly	21.	Further reminds	31.	Requests
2.	Affirms	12.	Deplores	22.	Further recommends	32.	Solemnly affirms
3.	Approves	13.	Designates	23.	Further requests	33.	Strongly condemns
4.	Authorizes	14.	Draws the attention	24.	Further resolves	34.	Supports
5.	Calls	15.	Emphasizes	25.	Notes	35.	Takes Note of
6.	Calls upon	16.	Encourages	26.	Proclaims	36.	Transmits
7.	Condemns	17.	Endorses	27.	Reaffirms	37.	Trusts
8.	Confirms	18.	Expresses its appreciation	28.	Recommends		
9.	Congratulates	19.	Expresses its hope	29.	Regrets		
10.	Considers	20.	Further invites	30.	Reminds		

Note: *Operative clauses are numbered and state action to be taken by the committee. These clauses begin with present tense active verbs, which are generally stronger words than those used in the preamble. Each operative clause is followed by a semicolon (;), except for the last which ends with a period/full stop (.).*

Amendments and Emendments

Following the reading, any grammatical and syntax errors may be corrected by raising an emendment. This process of emending must take place before the vote. Delegates may amend or alter any resolution that has been introduced in committee. An amendment to a draft resolution has to be sent to the Executive Board. The delegate needs to specify in a short note the parts of the draft resolution that he intends to amend and then specify in resolution format the amendment he wishes to apply or add to the draft resolution. The amendment may address one or more than one clause of the draft resolution.

COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS

Each country will have one vote. Each vote can be a "Yes", "No", "No with Rights", "Abstain" or "Pass". Should a member not be present and voting during a substantive vote, that member shall have not voted (technically equivalent to "Abstain "). All votes on substantive issues will be conducted by roll call. No outside observers may be present during a vote, and the Executive Board shall ensure that the room is sealed before proceeding with the vote. Voting may be interrupted only by Point of Personal Privilege.

During a Roll Call Vote, the Moderator will assume control of the committee.

- During the first round of voting, delegates will vote in alphabetical order, choosing to vote a "Yes", "No", "Yes with Rights", "No with Rights", "Abstain" or "Pass". A delegate, which does not pass, may request the right to explain his/her vote.
- A delegate that passes in the first sequence must vote during the second sequence. The right to explain one's vote is suspended in this second round. Member nations who requested the right to explain their votes may do so, with a time limit set by the Executive Board.
- A third sequence will ensue, where the delegates will not have the option to pass, meaning they must vote
- "Yes", "No" or "Abstain". The right to explain one's vote is suspended in this round as well.

Note: *"Yes with Rights" and "No with Rights" are important powers given to a delegate, in order to clarify his policy/stance in light of a vote. The delegates must use this judiciously and only when necessary.*

Plagiarism Policy

X-MUN 2026 has strict guidelines with regard to plagiarism. All the works presented by the delegates, ranging from their Position Papers to the Draft Resolutions, must all be completely original. The limits on plagiarism will be set by the Executive Board of the respective committees. The Executive Board also has the final say on whether a work is plagiarised or not. Kindly remember that plagiarism of any form is not tolerated at X-MUN 2026.